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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/912,391	07/26/2001	Neil John Hursey	01.059.01	5033
75	7590 02/15/2006 EXAMINER		INER	
Zilka-Kotab, PC			HENNING, MATTHEW T	
P.O. Box 72112	0			
San Jose, CA 95172-1120			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·			2131	· <u> </u>
			DATE MAIL ED: 02/15/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/912,391	HURSEY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Matthew T. Henning	2131				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was precised to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be til vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	,					
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 M 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4,6-12,14-20 and 22-24 is/are pend 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4,6-12,14-20 and 22-24 is/are reject 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration. ted.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 31 July 2002 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)					

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1	This action is in response to the communication filed on 11/28/2005.
2	DETAILED ACTION
3	Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114
4	
5	A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in
6	37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is
7	eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e)
8	has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to
9	37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/28/2005 has been entered.
10	Response to Arguments
11	Applicant's arguments filed 11/28/2005 have been fully considered but they are not
12	persuasive. Applicants argue primarily that:
13	a. Marsh did not disclose limitations (ii) or (iii).
14	b. Marsh would be useless if the malware attempted to disguise itself.
15	Regarding applicants' argument a., the examiner does not find the argument persuasive.
16	Applicant argues that Marsh does not contain (ii), or (iii). The examiner notes that this argument
17	does not make sense because the examiner has made no claim that Marsh contains the limitations
18	(ii) or (iii). The examiner reiterates that Marsh has (i) and therefore the examiner does not find
19	the argument persuasive.
20	Regarding applicants' argument b, that Marsh would be useless if the malware attempted
21	to disguise itself, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive. Again the examiner
22	points out that this argument does not make sense as how Marsh would perform against a

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disguised virus has nothing to do with weather Marsh meets the limitations of the claim 1 language. Therefore, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive. 2 3 Claims 1-4, 6-12, 14-20, and 22-24 have been examined. Claims 5, 13, and 21 have been cancelled. 4 All objections and rejections not presented below have been withdrawn. 5 Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 6 The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the 7 basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action: 8 A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -9 (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 10 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for 11 patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United 12 States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international 13 application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for 14 purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the 15 international application designated the United States and was published under Article 16 21(2) of such treaty in the English language. 17

Claims 1-3, 5, 7, 9-11, 13, 15, 17-19, 21, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Marsh (US Patent Number 6.763,462).

Regarding claims 1, 9, and 17, Marsh disclosed a method, apparatus, and program (See Marsh Claims) operable to control an e-mail client computer to detect e-mail propagated malware (See Marsh Abstract), comprising: e-mail generating logic operable to generate an e-mail message (See Marsh Col. 2 Lines 11-25); comparison logic operable to compare said e-mail message with at least one of an address book of a sender of said e-mail message (See Marsh Col. 1 Lines 61-64 and Col. 2 Lines 44-46) and one or more previously generated e-mail messages

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Lines 58-61).

from said client computer (See Marsh Col. 3 Lines 62-65); and identifying logic operable to identify said e-mail message as potentially containing malware if at least one of: (i) said e-mail message is being sent to more than a threshold number of addressees specified within said address book (See Marsh Col. 1 Lines 61-64 and Col. 2 Lines 44-46, and Col. 3 Lines 13-34); (ii) said e-mail message contains message content having at least a threshold level of similarity to non-identical message content of said previously generated e-mail messages being sent to more than a threshold number of addressees specified within said address book; and (iii) said email message contains message content having at least a threshold level of similarity to nonidentical message content of more than a threshold number of said previously generated e-mail messages; and quarantine queue logic operable to hold said previously generated e-mail messages in a quarantine queue for at least a predetermined quarantine period prior to being sent from said client computer (See Marsh Col. 3 paragraphs 2-4 wherein Marsh disclosed comparing outgoing messages for a certain period of time, two minutes, and if the threshold was reached during that time, the message was deleted and not sent, which implied that the message was held for the specified period of time before being sent). Regarding claims 2, 10, and 18, Marsh disclosed that wherein said e-mail message specifies a plurality of addressees, said comparison logic being operable to compare said plurality of addressees with said e-mail address book to determine if said at least a threshold number of addressees has been exceeded (See Marsh Col. 2 Lines 39-46 and Col. 3 Lines 15-34). Regarding claims 3, 11, and 19, Marsh disclosed that said at least a threshold number of addressees is specified as a proportion of addressees within said address book (See Marsh Col. 2

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Regarding claims 7, 15, and 23, Marsh disclosed confirmation input logic operable when said e-mail message is identified as potentially containing malware to generate a user message seeking a confirmation input from a user of said client computer before said e-mail message is sent (See Marsh Col. 3 Lines 35-43). Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action: (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made. Claims 4, 6, 12, 14, 20, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marsh as applied to claims 1, 9, and 17 above, and further in view of Bates et al. (US Patent Number 6,785,732) hereinafter referred to as Bates. Marsh disclosed both a proportion of addresses (See rejection of claim 3 above) and a specified time period (See rejection of claim 7 above) but failed to disclose the proportion and the time period could be user specified. Bates teaches that in a virus checker, a users can specify preferences about the virus checking (See Bates Col. 8 Lines 49). It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Bates in the virus detector of Marsh by allowing the user to specify the proportion and the time period used for determining a threat. This would have been

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obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to allow the user of the virus checker to specify how the checker would operate.

Claims 8, 16, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Marsh as applied to claims 1, 9, and 17 above, and further in view of Kouznetsov (US Patent

Number 6,725,377).

Marsh disclosed sending alert an alert to a user upon detection of possible virus activity (See Col. 3 Lines 18-22), but failed to disclose sending an alert to an administrator upon detection of possible virus activity.

Kouznetsov teaches that in computer intrusion detection systems, when attack characteristics are detected, it is typical to notify an administrator of the detection (See Kouznetsov Col. 1 Paragraph 6).

It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Kouznetsov in the virus detection system of Marsh by alerting an administrator of detected possible virus activity. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to provide the administrator with the knowledge of the possible attack in order for the administrator to take appropriate action.

18 Conclusion

Claims 1-4, 6-12, 14-20, and 22-24 have been rejected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matthew T. Henning whose telephone number is (571) 272-3790.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4.

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2/9/2006

1	If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's
2	supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the
3	organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
4	Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent
5	Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications
6	may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished
7	applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR
8	system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR
9	system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).
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